

Probit Modell

$$y_1 \sim B(\pi_1) \quad \pi_1 = \Phi(\eta_1)$$

$$y_1^* = \eta_1 + \varepsilon_1 \quad \varepsilon_1 \sim N(0, 1)$$

Definiere

$$y_1 = 1 \quad \text{if} \quad y_1^* > 0$$

$$y_1 = 0 \quad \text{if} \quad y_1^* \leq 0$$

Falls bivariate (angenommen im weiteren Gausscopula)

$$y_2 \sim F_{\theta_2}$$

vom 06.07.15 wissen wir

$$F_{y_1^* | y_2}(u_1) = \Phi\left(\frac{\Phi^{-1}(u_1) - \rho \Phi^{-1}(u_2)}{\sqrt{1-\rho^2}}\right) = x = \frac{\partial C(u_1, u_2)}{\partial u_2}$$

$$\Rightarrow y_1^* = \Phi^{-1}(x) \sqrt{1-\rho^2} + \rho \Phi^{-1}(u_2) + \mu_1$$

$$\Rightarrow y_1^* \sim N(\rho \Phi^{-1}(u_2) + \mu_1, 1-\rho^2)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 p(y_1^* | \eta_1, y_1) &\propto p(y_1^*; y_1, \eta_1) p(y_1, \eta_1) \\
 &\propto p(y_1 | \eta_1, y_1^*) p(y_1^*, \eta_1) \\
 &\propto p(y_1 | y_1^*) p(y_1^* | \eta_1)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Rightarrow p(y_1^* | \eta_1, y_1 = 1) &\propto \mathbb{1}(y_1^* > 0) \varphi(y_1^* - \eta_1) \\
 &= \frac{\varphi(y_1^* - \eta_1)}{p(y_1^* \leq 0)} \\
 &= \frac{\varphi(y_1^* - \eta_1)}{\Phi(-\eta_1)} \left. \vphantom{\frac{\varphi(y_1^* - \eta_1)}{\Phi(-\eta_1)}} \right\} \text{density of} \\
 &\quad \text{TN}_{(0, \infty)}(\eta_1, 1)
 \end{aligned}$$

entsprechend

$$p(y_1^* | \eta_1, y_1 = 0) = \frac{\varphi(y_1^* - \eta_1)}{1 - \Phi(-\eta_1)} \left. \vphantom{\frac{\varphi(y_1^* - \eta_1)}{1 - \Phi(-\eta_1)}} \right\} \text{density of} \\
 \text{TN}_{(-\infty, 0)}(\eta_1, 1)$$

mit Copula:

$$\begin{aligned}
 p(u_1^* | \eta_1, y_1, u_2) &\propto p(u_1, y_1^*, \eta_1, u_2) p(\eta_1, y_1, u_2) \\
 &\propto p(u_1 | \eta_1, y_1^*, u_2) p(y_1^*, \eta_1, u_2) \\
 &\propto p(u_1 | y_1^*) \cdot \varphi\left(\frac{y_1^* - (\eta_1 + e\Phi^{-1}(u_2))}{\sqrt{1-e^2}}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

\Rightarrow wie vorher Truncated normal distribution
for FC's of y_1^*

$$p(u_1^* | \eta_1, y_1 = 1, u_2) = \frac{\varphi\left(\frac{y_1^* - (\eta_1 + e\Phi^{-1}(u_2))}{\sqrt{1-e^2}}\right)}{\Phi\left(-\frac{(\eta_1 + e\Phi^{-1}(u_2))}{\sqrt{1-e^2}}\right)}$$

$$p(u_1^* | \eta_1, y_1 = 0, u_2) = \frac{\varphi\left(\frac{y_1^* - (\eta_1 + e\Phi^{-1}(u_2))}{\sqrt{1-e^2}}\right)}{1 - \Phi\left(-\frac{\eta_1 + e\Phi^{-1}(u_2)}{\sqrt{1-e^2}}\right)}$$